

but more frequently percurrent, calyciform or cylindrical. *Conidia* mostly solitary, in a few species catenate, dry, acrogenous, simple, ellipsoidal, pyriform, obovoid or clavate, pale or dark brown, cells often unequally coloured, 1-5-septate, frequently with very dark brown or black bands at the septa, smooth

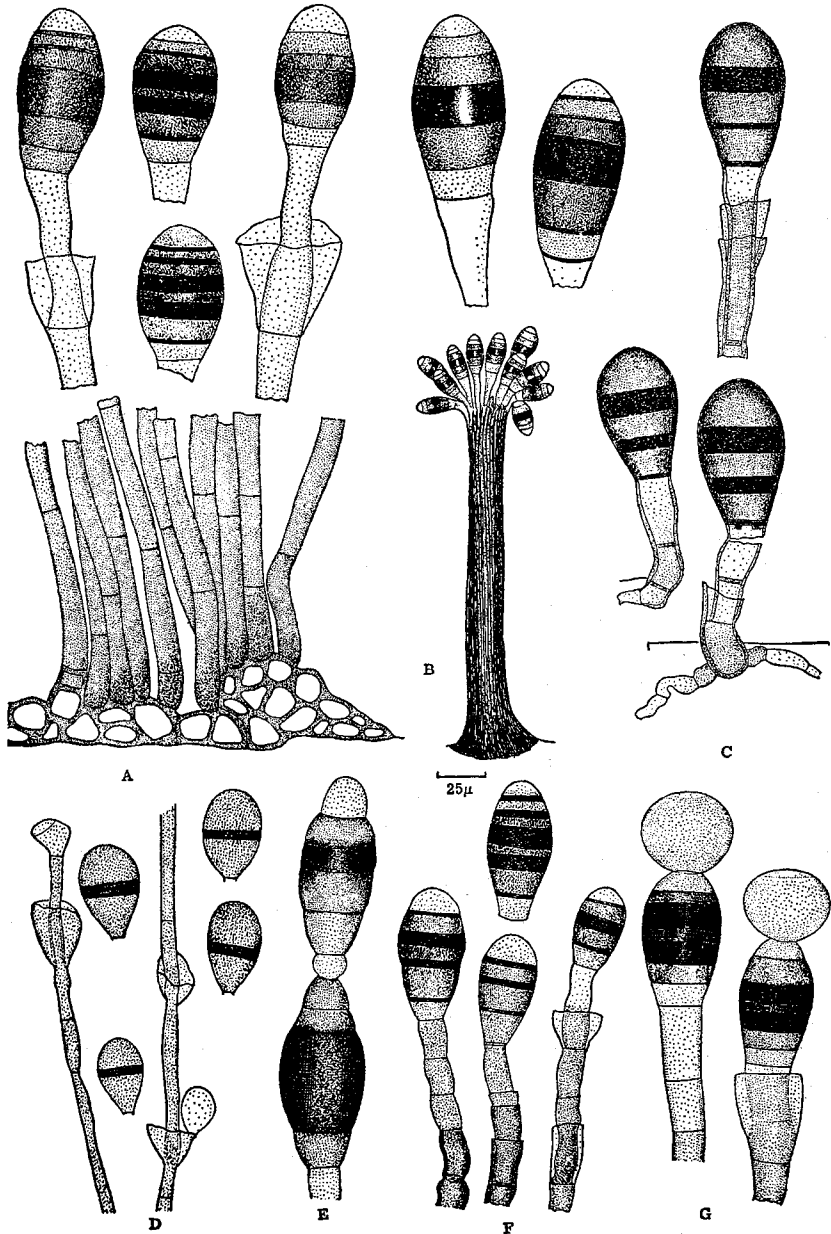


FIG. 103. *Endophragmia* species (1): A, *elliptica*; B, *atra*; C, *australiensis*; D, *taxi*; E, *catenulata*; F, *stemphylioides*; G, *prolifera* ($\times 650$ except where indicated by the scale).